

Precipitation of trace elements from an evolving fluid

The distribution coefficient for a given trace element substituting for a major element in a given solid

$$D_{\text{trace}}^{\text{solid}} = \frac{(C_{\text{trace}}/C_{\text{major}})_{\text{solid}}}{(C_{\text{trace}}/C_{\text{major}})_{\text{solution}}}$$


This diagram arbitrarily assumes an initial trace/major ratio of 0.001 in the solution; any value is possible (even values greater than 1, as with the Mg/Ca ratio of seawater).

expresses the extent of preferential inclusion ($D > 1$) or preferential exclusion ($D < 1$) of that trace element in the solid relative to the solution. Through time, this preferential inclusion or exclusion into the solid decreases or increases the trace/major ratio in the

solution, which changes the trace major ratio in the next solid precipitated from that parcel of solution. As a result, both the parcel of solution and the solids it precipitates change through time, as the examples below show.

The trace/major ratios in the solid shown here are dictated by the solution ratio on the left plot. However, the preferential removal of trace element with $D > 1$ then dictates a decreasing ratio in the solution – and preferential exclusion of the trace element from the solid with $D < 1$ dictates an increasing ratio in the solution.

Start here!



For examples, consider incorporation of Mg in calcite,

where

$$D_{\text{Mg}}^{\text{Calcite}} = \frac{(\text{Mg}/\text{Ca})_{\text{Calcite}}}{(\text{Mg}/\text{Ca})_{\text{Soln}}} = \sim 0.001,$$

or incorporation of Ba in aragonite,

where

$$D_{\text{Ba}}^{\text{Arag}} = \frac{(\text{Ba}/\text{Ca})_{\text{Arag}}}{(\text{Ba}/\text{Ca})_{\text{Soln}}} = \sim 3.$$

Mg concentration will *increase* in the sequence of calcites precipitated from one parcel of water. Ba concentration will *decrease* in the sequence of aragonites precipitated from one parcel of water.

For an example of the progressive removal suggested by the horizontal axis, consider water in a cave seeping along a roof drapery, collecting at the tip of a stalactite, dripping onto a stalagmite, and flowing down the stalagmite and across the floor of the cave – all the while precipitating CaCO_3 .